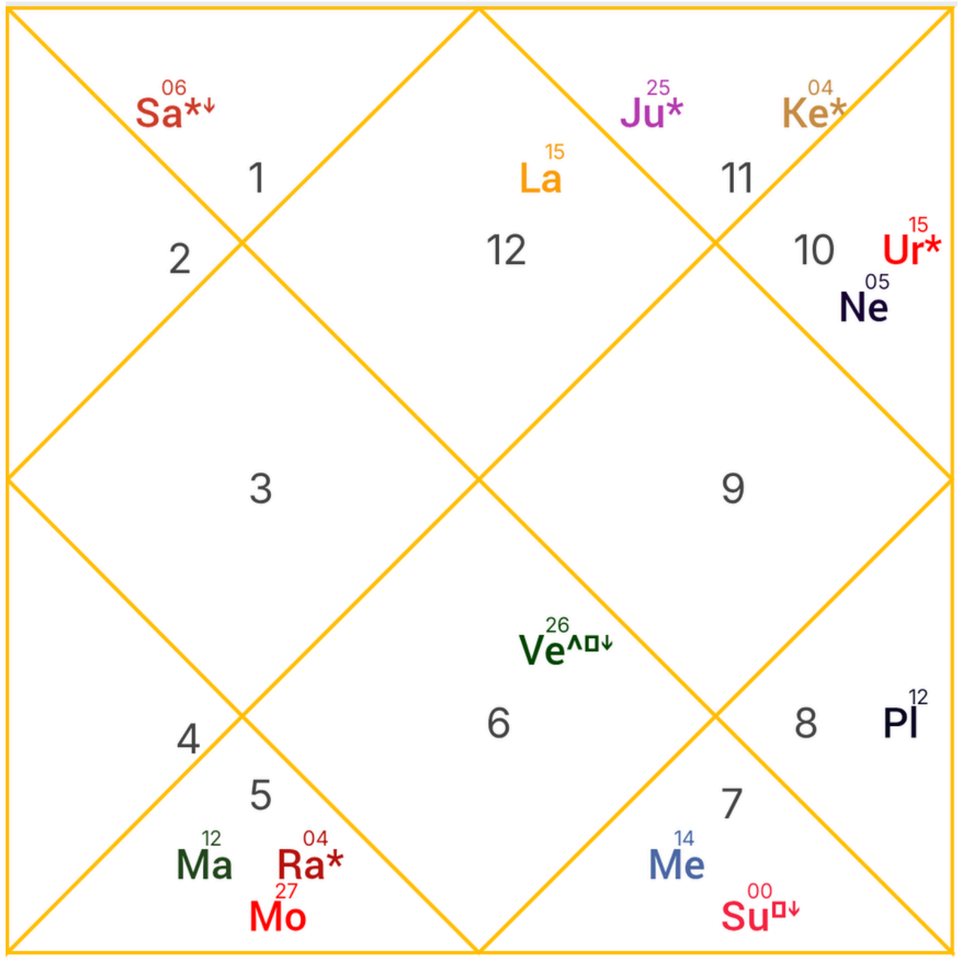
Part -4

How Health Related Patterns Are Assessed Through Jyotiṣa



* Retrograde	^ Combust	▫ Vargottama
↑ Exalted	↓ Debilitated	

17 October 1998
17:05 PM IST
Kota Rajasthan India

La	15°34'15"	Su	00°03'56"	Mo	27°56'42"
Ma	12°13'43"	Me	14°29'00"	Ju	25°33'48"
Ve	26°48'28"	Sa	06°48'05"	Ra	04°33'13"
Ke	04°33'13"	Ur	15°03'32"	Ne	05°29'19"
Pl	12°25'03"				

What to See In Chart for Health Prediction

1) D1 Birth Chart

2) Degree of All 9 Planets & Degree of Acendent

3) Nakshtra (Constellations) of All Graha (Planets)

4) D6 Chart

5) D3 Chart

6) D30 Chart

7) Observe Gullika

8) Observe Transit

9) Observe Astavarga

10) Maha Dasha and Antar Dasha of Planets

Gulika and Mandi: The Latent Poison Vectors

Vedic tradition (Prasna Marga), the mathematical calculation of the sons of Saturn—Gulika and Mandi—is critical:

Represents the accumulation of Ama Visha (deep metabolic endotoxins) and Gara Visha (environmental, chemical, or cumulative poisons).

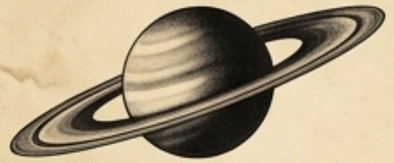
The house and sign where Gulika is placed pinpoint the organ system holding suppressed toxin loads that resist conventional pharmaceutical or herbal therapy

GULIKA & MANDI

The Latent Poison Vectors (Ama Visha & Gara Visha) in Medical Astrology

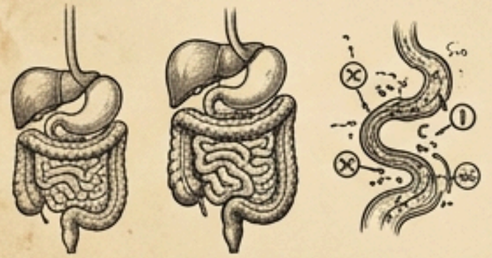
GULIKA

(The Shadow Force)



Features: The Accumulation of Deep Metabolic Endotoxins (Ama Visha).

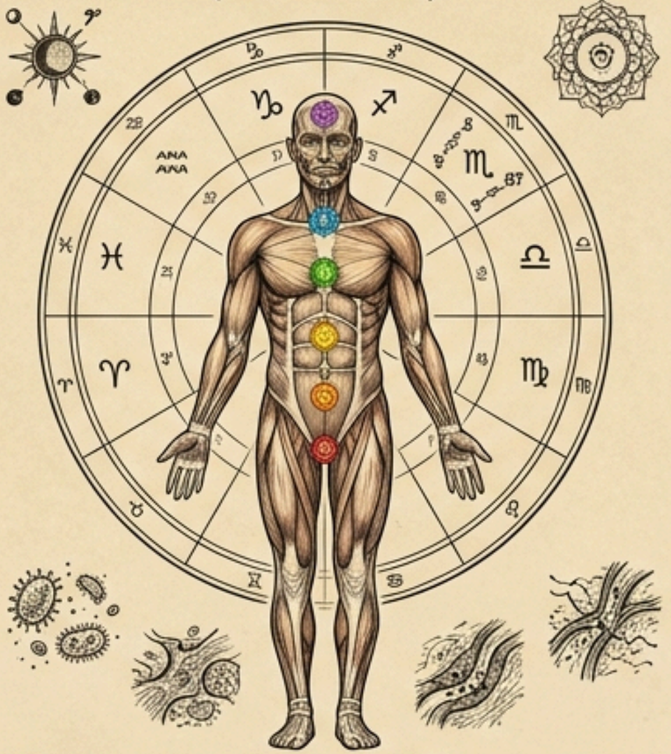
Highlight Impacts:
Inherent metabolic dysfunction, stubborn lymphatic blockage, and chronic inflammatory blockages.



Key Action: Blockage of subtle channels (Srotas) and structural stagnation.

CLINICAL MANIFESTATIONS

(In The Chart)

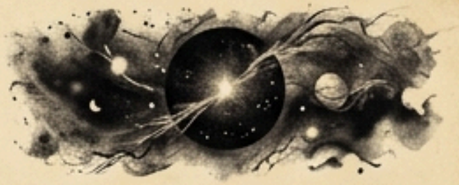


Placement reveals organ-specific vulnerabilities where toxins consolidate:

1st House: Brain & systemic fatigue.
5th House: Weak gastric fire & digestive stagnation.
6th House: Persistent infections & autoimmune triggers.
8th House: Chronicity, cellular degeneration, & incurable genetic vulnerabilities.

MANDI

(The Subtle Toxin)



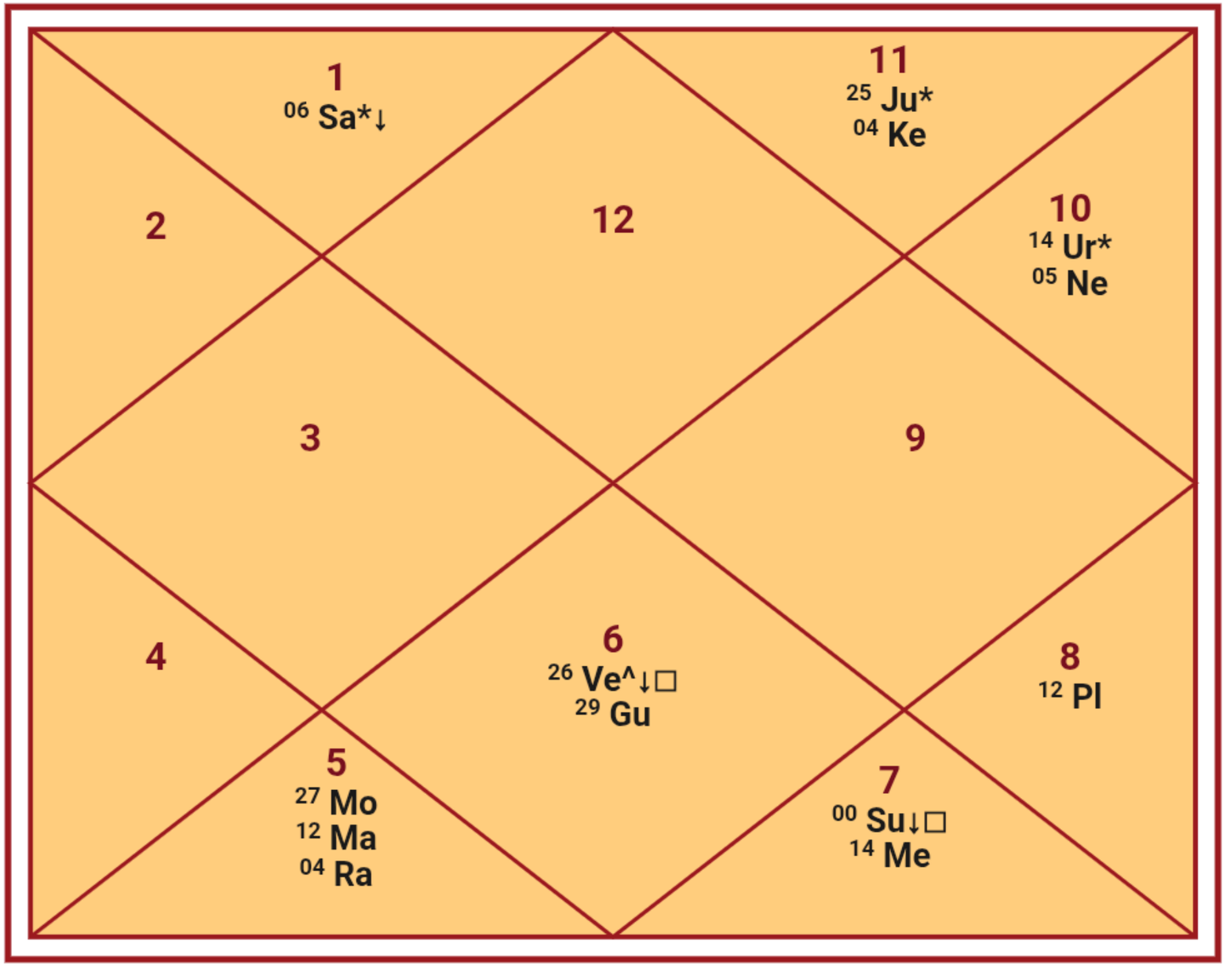
Features: The Presence of Environmental & Acquired Poisons (Gara Visha).

Highlight Impacts:
Susceptibility to heavy metals, chemical toxicity, chronic allergies, and difficult-to-treat auto-immune disorders.



Key Action:
Subconscious nervous and physical decay.

Birth chart with Gulika (Gu)



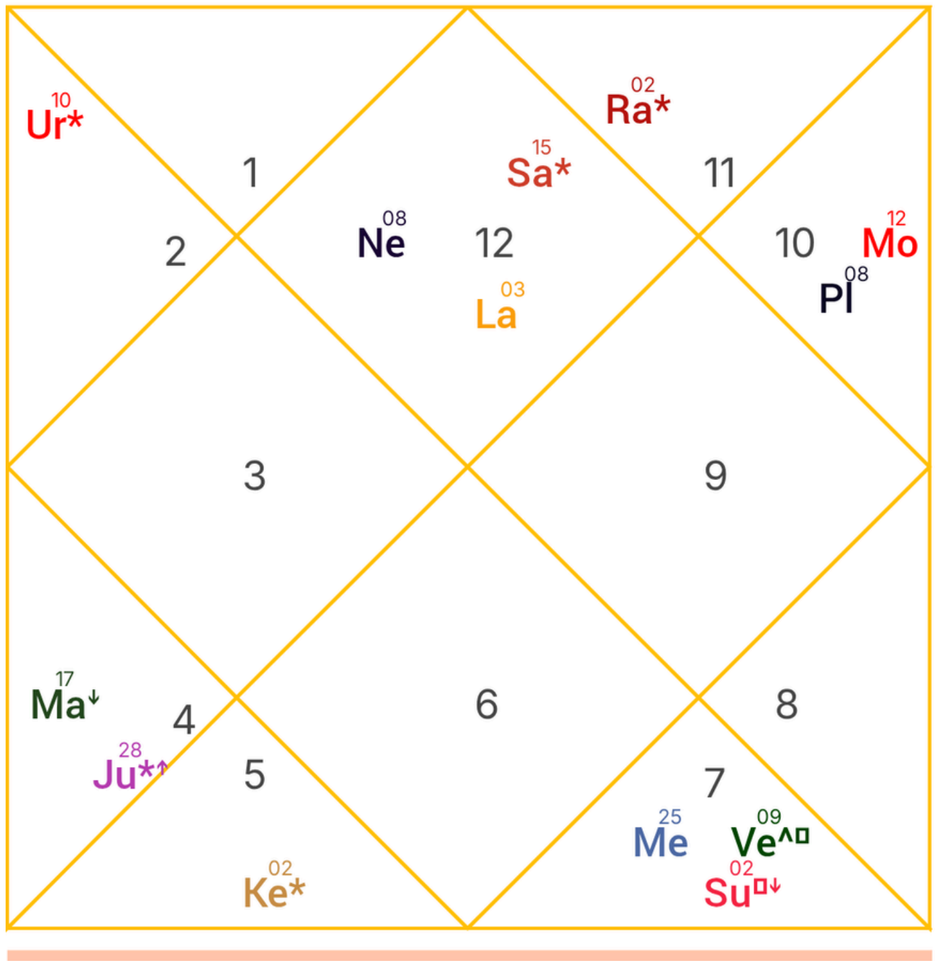
Pla	Sign	Degree	Naks	Rel
Lag	Pis	15°34'15"	UtBha	(4)
Sun	Lib	00°03'56"	Chitr	(3)
Mon	Leo	27°56'42"	UtPha	(1)
Mar	Leo	12°13'43"	Magha	(4)
Mer	Lib	14°29'00"	Swati	(3)
Jup (R)	Aqu	25°33'48"	PoBha	(2)
Ven (C)	Vir	26°48'28"	Chitr	(2)
Sat (R)	Ari	06°48'05"	Ashwi	(3)
Rah (R)	Leo	04°33'13"	Magha	(2)
Ket (R)	Aqu	04°33'13"	Danis	(4)

Pla	Degree	SL	NL	SB	SS
Lag	345°34'15"	Ju	Sa	Ju	Me
Sun	180°03'56"	Ve	Ma	Me	Me
Mon	147°56'42"	Su	Su	Mo	Sa
Mar	132°13'43"	Su	Ke	Me	Su
Mer	194°29'00"	Ve	Ra	Ke	Ke
Jup (R)	325°33'48"	Sa	Ju	Me	Sa
Ven (C)	176°48'28"	Me	Ma	Ju	Me
Sat (R)	006°48'05"	Ma	Ke	Ra	Ke
Rah (R)	124°33'13"	Su	Ke	Mo	Ve
Ket (R)	304°33'13"	Sa	Ma	Ve	Me

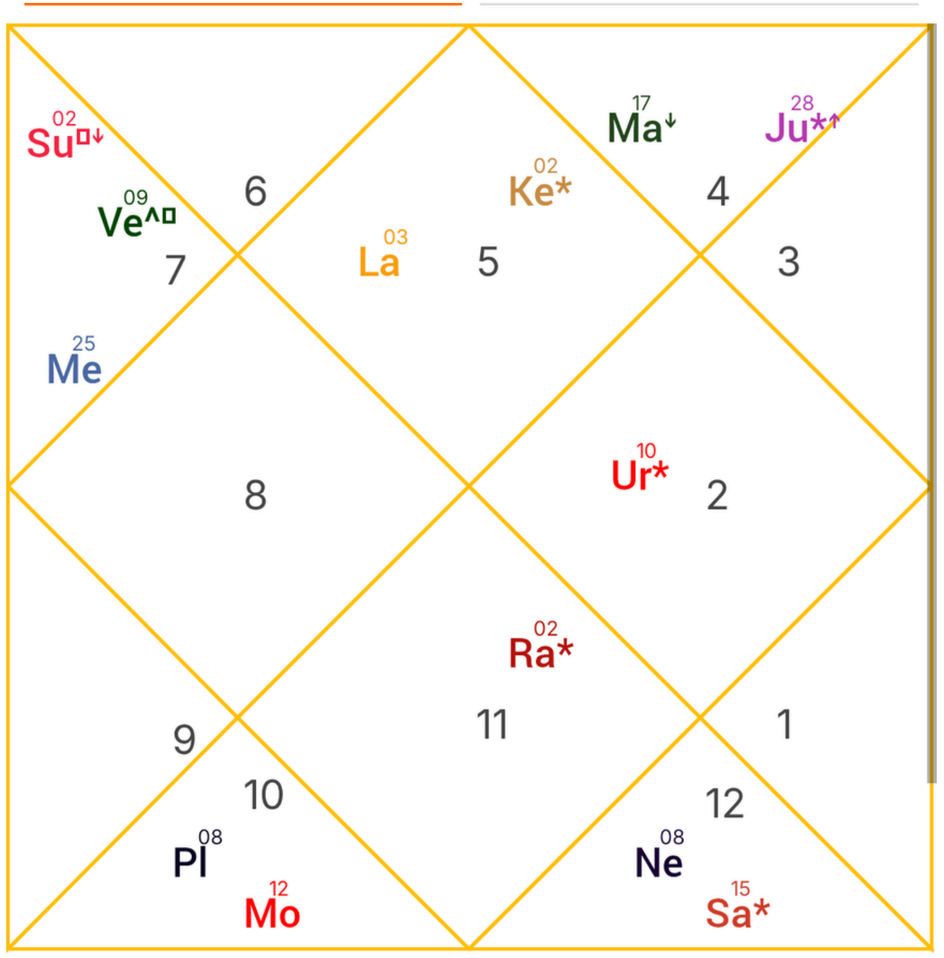
Transit Concepts in Medical Astrology (Jyotiṣa)

In Vedic Medical Astrology, planetary transits are known as Gochar (गोचर). They refer to the current movement of planets through the zodiac and their relationship with a person's natal horoscope (Janma Kuṇḍalī).

In traditional Jyotiṣa, transits are studied to understand periods traditionally associated with health sensitivity, recovery, vitality, and changes in well-being



Transit in Lagna (D1 chart)



Transit in Moon Chart

Step Method for Dasha & Antardasha Analysis

Step 1: Establish the natal framework

Record the Ascendant, Moon sign, planetary placements and house ownerships.

Step 2: Identify the Mahadasha lord

Document its:

House ownership.

House placement.

Sign and Nakshatra.

Conjunctions and aspects.

Traditional strength and functional role.

Step 3: Identify the Antardasha lord

Apply the same assessment to the sub-period lord.

Step 4: Examine the relationship between the two lords

Consider their natal conjunctions, aspects, house relationships and traditional planetary friendships.

Step 5: Examine relevant houses

Study the 1st, 6th, 8th and 12th houses as part of the traditional framework.

Step 6: Consider transits

Compare the current planetary positions with the natal chart and the operating Dasha periods.

Vimshottari Maha Dasha	
Su	20/03/2004
Mo	20/03/2014
Ma	20/03/2021
Ra	20/03/2039
Ju	20/03/2055
Sa	20/03/2074
Me	20/03/2091
Ke	20/03/2098
Ve	20/03/2118

Maha Dasha Chart

Vimshottari Antara Dasha	
Ra/Ra	01/12/2023
Ra/Ju	26/04/2026
Ra/Sa	01/03/2029
Ra/Me	20/09/2031
Ra/Ke	07/10/2032
Ra/Ve	07/10/2035
Ra/Su	01/09/2036
Ra/Mo	01/03/2038
Ra/Ma	20/03/2039

Antar Dasha Chart

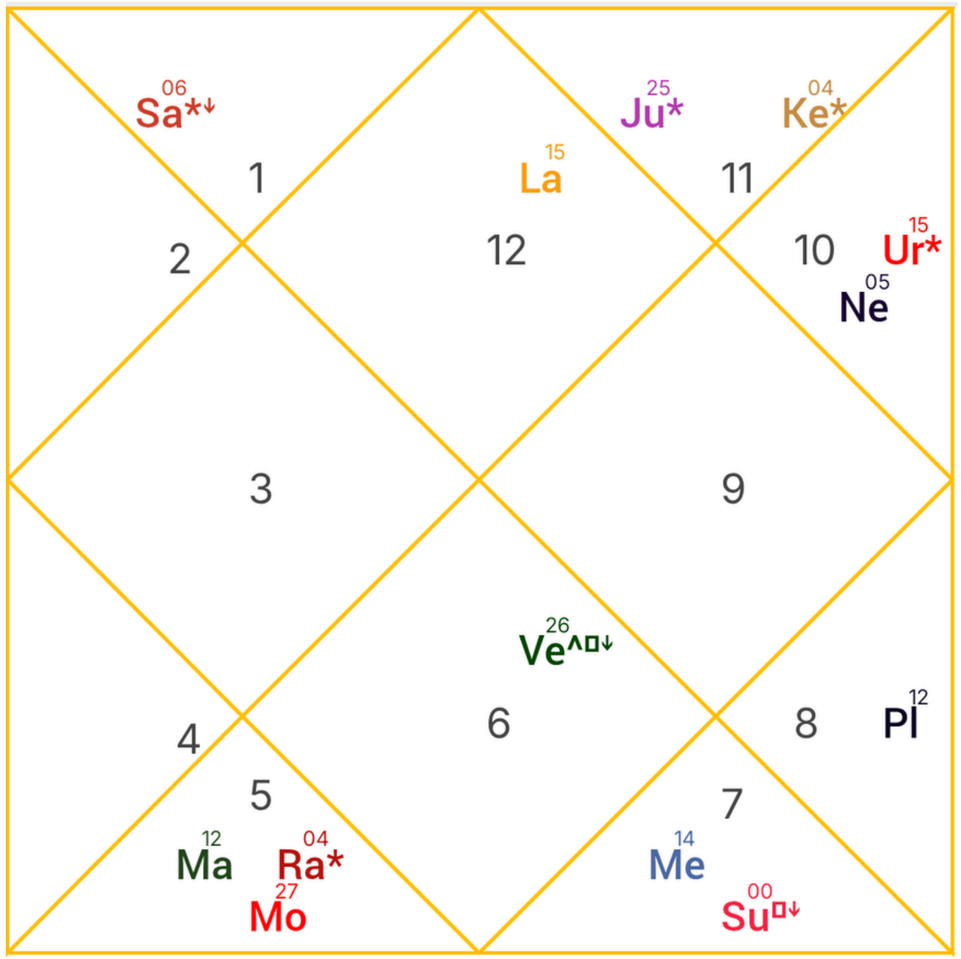
Ashtakavarga in Medical Astrology

Ashtakavarga (अष्टकवर्ग) is a traditional system in Vedic astrology used to assess planetary transit results through a numerical framework called Bindus (benefic points) and Rekhās (traditionally represented as zero or a non-contributing point).

In Medical Astrology, some practitioners use Ashtakavarga to supplement their interpretation of transits, particularly when studying the 1st, 6th, 8th and 12th houses, planetary periods and the natal horoscope

The Sanskrit term Ashtakavarga combines:
Ashta (अष्ट): Eight.
Varga (वर्ग): Group, division or classification.
The system considers the contributions of seven classical planets—Sun, Moon, Mars, Mercury, Jupiter, Venus and Saturn and the Ascendant in the relevant calculations.

RN	Su	Mo	Ma	Me	Ju	Ve	Sa	Tot
1	3	3	2	4	4	4	1	21
2	5	7	2	4	4	3	4	29
3	6	4	2	5	7	7	6	37
4	4	3	4	4	4	5	5	29
5	5	6	5	4	6	4	5	35
6	2	3	1	6	5	4	2	23
7	4	3	2	4	3	5	3	24
8	3	2	3	4	5	5	1	23
9	4	6	5	5	4	6	3	33
10	4	6	4	5	4	4	5	32
11	5	4	5	4	5	2	2	27



* Retrograde	^ Combust	□ Vargottama
↑ Exalted	↓ Debilitated	